

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/560,007	12/08/2005	Hjalmar Edzer Ayco Huitema	NL030055	2699	
24737 75	90 12/12/2006		EXAMINER		
PHILIPS INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY & STANDARDS			KARLSEN, ERNEST F		
P.O. BOX 3001 BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NY 10510			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Did/ticebii i	minoid, ivi 10010		2829		
			DATE MAILED: 12/12/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				æl	
		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/560,007	HUITEMA ET AL.	HUITEMA ET AL.	
Office Action S	ımmary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Ernest F. Karlsen	2829		
The MAILING DATE of eriod for Reply	this communication	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence addres	:s	
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, F - Extensions of time may be available ur after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing - If NO period for reply is specified abov - Failure to reply within the set or extend	ROM THE MAILING the representation of 37 CF and the provisions of 37 CF and the communication of the maximum statutory per period for reply will, by so that three months after the results.	G DATE OF THIS COMMUN R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a n. rriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO	a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this commu ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
atus					
,	2b)☐ in condition for allo	This action is non-final.	itters, prosecution as to the me D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	rits is	
sposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1,3 and 5-22</u> i 4a) Of the above claim(5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are a 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1,3 and 5-12</u> i 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are a 8) ☐ Claim(s) are sub	s) <u>13-22</u> is/are with allowed. s/are rejected. objected to.	drawn from consideration.		•	
plication Papers	•				
Replacement drawing sho	is/are: a) that any objection to eet(s) including the co	accepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeyon rrection is required if the drawin			
iority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
2. Certified copies3. Copies of the ce application from	☐ None of: of the priority docum of the priority docum rtified copies of the the International Bu	nents have been received. nents have been received in	Application No In received in this National Sta	ge	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)

Attachment(s)

Period for Reply

Disposition of Claims

Application Papers

Priority under 35 U.S.C.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _

Status

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

6) Other: _

Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ___

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)

Application/Control Number: 10/560,007

Art Unit: 2829

Claims 2 and 4 have been cancelled by Applicants.

Claim 8 is improperly dependent on cancelled claim 2 but is herein treated as if it were dependent on claim 1.

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1, 3 and 5-12 are, drawn to a display system comprising at least one display device, classified in class 324, subclass 770.
- II. Claims 13-22 are, drawn to a display system comprising at least one display device, classified in class 324, subclass 770.

The inventions are independent or distinct, each from the other because:

Inventions II and I are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all of the details of the subcombination are not required by the combination. The subcombination has separate utility such as use in a display system other than a LCD display system.

The examiner has required restriction between combination and subcombination inventions. Where applicant elects a subcombination, and claims thereto are subsequently found allowable, any claim(s) depending from or otherwise requiring all the limitations of the allowable subcombination will be examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. See MPEP § 821.04(a). Applicant is advised that if

Art Unit: 2829

any claim presented in a continuation or divisional application is anticipated by, or includes all the limitations of, a claim that is allowable in the present application, such claim may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Newly submitted claims 13-22 are directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: Those set forth above.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claims 13-22 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States

Art Unit: 2829

only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 3, 7 and 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Otsuka et al. With regard to claims 1, 3, 7 and 9-12, Otsuka et al show an indicator 6 to indicate an impending failure of the display device A. (Device A inherently indicates the state of being connected to a power supply or not being connected to a power supply.) Elements 2 and 3 of Otsuka et al measure an electrical property of the display device A. Element 5 of Otsuka et al compares the measured electrical property with a reference value produced by element 4 and in response to the comparison actuates element 6 to indicate impending failure.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5, 6 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Otsuka et al in view of Ohtsuka et al. Otsuka et al show that claimed except for the particular parameter being measured and the particular type of display being tested. Ohtsuka et al teach that test for remaining lifetime may be done for any desired device by selecting a parameter that changes with remaining lifetime and comparing that parameter to a standard. See column 2, line 16 to column 7, line 19 of Ohtsuka et al. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified the apparatus of Otsuka et al to determine the remaining lifetime of any

Application/Control Number: 10/560,007

Art Unit: 2829

device by selecting the device and selecting a parameter that changes with remaining lifetime in accord with the teaching of Ohtsuka et al because one of ordinary skill would realize that so doing would enable monitoring remaining lifetime of any apparatus.

Page 5

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The references cited on the PTO FORM-892 but not applied are cited to show additional remaining lifetime monitoring devices.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Ernest F. Karlsen at telephone number 571-272-1961.

Ernest F. Karlsen

December 8, 2006

ERNEST KARLSEN
PRIMARY EXAMINER